State Bar Court of California **Hearing Department** San Francisco REPROVAL Counsel For The State Bar For Court use only Case Number(s): 13-0-13464 Kevin B. Taylor 15-0-15563 **Supervising Senior Trial Counsel NOT FOR PUBLICATION** UDIO MATI 180 Howard St. San Francisco, CA 94105 415 538-2543 Bar # 151715 In Pro Per Respondent Fanya Elyce Young 8 Locksley Ave., Apt. 9C STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE San Francisco, CA 94122 SAN FRANCISCO 415 650-9791 Submitted to: Assigned Judge Bar # 233426 STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING In the Matter of: **FANYA ELYCE YOUNG** PRIVATE REPROVAL Bar # 233426 PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted **December 1, 2004**.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of 11 pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."
- (5) Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".

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(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code or the Rules of Professional Conduct.
(7)		Trust Violation: Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property.
(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(9)		Indifference: Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.
(11)	\boxtimes	Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing. See page 8.
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.
(15)		No aggravating circumstances are involved.
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances:
	_	ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating stances are required.
(1)		No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur.
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigation and proceedings.
(4)		Remorse: Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct

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(5)		Restitution: Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.				
(6)		Delay: These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.				
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.				
(8)		Emotional/Physical Difficulties: At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.				
(9)		Severe Financial Stress: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.				
(10)		Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature.				
(11)		Good Character : Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.				
(12)		Rehabilitation: Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.				
(13)		No mitigating circumstances are involved.				
Addi	tiona	al mitigating circumstances:				
		No prior discipline, see page 8. Pretrial stipulation, see page 8.				
D. D	isci	pline:				
(1)	\boxtimes	Private reproval (check applicable conditions, if any, below)				
	(a)	Approved by the Court prior to initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (no public disclosure).				
<u>or</u>	(b)	Approved by the Court after initiation of the State Bar Court proceedings (public disclosure).				
(2)		Public reproval (Check applicable conditions, if any, below)				
E. C	ond	litions Attached to Reproval:				
(1)	\boxtimes	Respondent must comply with the conditions attached to the reproval for a period of one (1) year.				
(2)		During the condition period attached to the reproval, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.				

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(3)		Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.			
(4)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Proband schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of reproval. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the probation deputy either in-person or by telephone. During the reproval conditions period, Respondent promptly meet with the probation deputy as directed and upon request.			
(5)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the condition period attached to the reproval. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of the reproval during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state in each report whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 (thirty) days, that report must be submitted on the next following quarter date, and cover the extended period.			
		In addition to all quarterly reports, a final report, containing the same information, is due no earlier than twenty (20) days before the last day of the condition period and no later than the last day of the condition period.			
(6)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of reproval with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. Dur the reproval conditions period, Respondent must furnish such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate full with the monitor.			
(7)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the conditions attached to the reproval.			
(8)		Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.			
		No Ethics School recommended. Reason: Respondent attended Ethics Scool on December 3, 2015 and passed the test given at the end of the session. (See rule 5.135(A), Rules Proc. of State Bar [attendance at Ethics School not required where the attorney completed Ethics School within the prior two years].).			
(9)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.			
(10)	\boxtimes	Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year of the effective date of the reproval.			
		☐ No MPRE recommended. Reason:			
(11)		The following conditions are attached hereto and incorporated:			

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		Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions
		Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions
F. Other Conditions Negotiated by the Parties:				
None				

ATTACHMENT TO

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

FANYA ELYCE YOUNG

CASE NUMBERS:

13-O-13464 & 15-O-15563

FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that she is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

Case No. 13-O-13464 (Complainant: Moody)

FACTS:

- 1. On December 14, 2012, Errold Moody employed respondent to represent him at a bench trial in *In the Matter of Patricia L. Francis Trust*, Alameda County Superior Court case number RP 09478054 (*Francis Trust* matter). The trial was scheduled to commence on December 17, 2012.
- 2. Trial on the *Francis Trust* matter was continued to January 4, 2013 and Respondent represented Moody at the 5-day hearing. The trial concluded on January 18, 2013.
- 3. On January 18, 2013, respondent filed a motion seeking to disqualify the trial judge in the *Francis Trust* matter. That motion was denied.
- 4. Thereafter, respondent withdrew from her representation of Moody without performing any further legal services on behalf of Moody; without responding to any post-hearing matters that were ongoing at the time; and without filing a substitution of attorney or a motion to withdraw from the case.
- 5. On July 16, 2013, a State Bar investigator mailed respondent a letter, addressed to her then current membership records address, asking that she respond in writing to specific allegations of misconduct alleged by Moody and being investigated by the State Bar. Respondent received the letter. Respondent did not respond to the letter. Respondent did not communicate with the State Bar regarding the Moody complaint until October 10, 2013.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

- 6. By withdrawing from her representation of Moody without first filing a substitution of counsel or motion to withdraw in the *Francis Trust* matter, respondent withdrew from employment in a proceeding before a tribunal without obtaining its permission in willful violation of Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(A)(1).
- 7. By failing to promptly respond to the State Bar investigatory letter of July 16, 2013, respondent failed to cooperate in a disciplinary investigation pending against her in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(i).

Case No. 15-O-15563 (State Bar Investigation)

FACTS:

- 8. On October 24, 2013, respondent entered into an Agreement in Lieu of Discipline with the State Bar in an attempt to resolve disciplinary case number 13-O-13464. As part of that agreement, respondent was required to comply with various rehabilitative conditions. Respondent did not comply with all of said conditions.
- 9. Respondent was required to file quarterly reports with the State Bar Office of Probation due on January 10, 2014, October 10, 2014 and July 10, 2015. Respondent filed each of those quarterly reports 3 to 6 days late.
- 10. Respondent was required to file a quarterly report with the Office of Probation due on October 10, 2015 and a final report addressing the period of time from October 11, 2015 through October 24, 2015. Respondent did not file the quarterly report due on October 10, 2015. Respondent mailed a final report to the Office of Probation on November 7, 2015.
- 11. Respondent was required to attend State Bar Ethics School and pass the test given at the end of the session by October 24, 2014. Respondent did not complete this condition until December 3, 2015.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

12. By filing three quarterly reports late; failing to file the quarterly report due October 10, 2015; and failing to timely complete State Bar Ethics School, respondent failed to comply with conditions attached to her Agreement in Lieu of Discipline in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6068(1).

AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

Multiple Acts of Wrongdoing (Std. 1.5(b)): At a minimum, respondent engaged in three acts of misconduct.

MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline: Respondent had been a member of the State Bar for eight years with no record of prior discipline before she committed her first act of misconduct. (See *Hawes v. State Bar* (1990) 51 Cal.3d 587, 596 [ten years in the practice without discipline is afforded significant weight in mitigation].)

Pretrial Stipulation: By entering into this stipulation, respondent has acknowledged misconduct and is entitled to mitigation for recognition of wrongdoing and saving the State Bar significant resources and time. (Silva-Vidor v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability]; In the Matter of Spaith (Review Dept. 1996) 3 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 511, 521 [where the attorney's stipulation to facts and culpability was held to be a mitigating circumstance].)

AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to standards are to this source.) The standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

Standard 1.7(a) requires that where a respondent "commits two or more acts of misconduct and the Standards specify different sanctions for each act, the most severe sanction must be imposed."

The most severe sanction applicable to respondent's misconduct is found in standard 2.7(c), which provides for suspension to reproval for a single failure to properly withdraw from representation depending upon the extent of the misconduct. Standard 2.12(b) provides for reproval in cases of failing to cooperate in a State Bar investigation and failing to comply with the conditions of an Agreement in Lieu of Discipline.

We consider the totality of circumstances in a particular case to determine what specific sanction is appropriate in that case to protect the public and preserve confidence in the legal profession. Here, respondent is culpable of three distinct violations. Her misconduct occurred over a three year period of time. These factors demonstrate that discipline is warranted, especially in light of the fact that a portion of respondent's misconduct involves her failure to fully comply with the conditions of her prior non-disciplinary resolution to the Moody complaint. However, respondent practiced law for eight years without discipline and, despite her recent defalcations, did not completely abandon her professional obligations.

Respondent failed to respond to a State Bar investigatory letter, but thereafter came forward to cooperate with the State Bar in entering into an Agreement in Lieu of Discipline. Respondent failed to strictly

comply with all of the conditions of that agreement, but did comply with many aspects of the agreement and made efforts to rectify her failures to timely comply with others.

Overall, this case presents a respondent who is willing and able to meet her ethical responsibilities. For that reason, a discipline at the low end of the range provided for by the Standards, a private reproval with conditions, will suffice to meet the goals of the State Bar's disciplinary system.

In the Matter of: FANYA ELYCE YOUNG	Case number(s): 13-O-13464 & 15-O-15563		

SIGNATURE OF THE PARTIES

By their signatures below, recitations and each of the	the parties and their counsel, as applicable, signiterms and conditions of this Stipulation Re Facts	fy their agreement with each of the , Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.
12/9/16	In My	Fanya-Elyce Young
12 9 16	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date	Respondent's Counsel Signature	Print Name
12/9/16	Mrs By	Kevin B. Taylor
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's Signature	Print Name

Print Name

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In the Mat FANYA	ter of: ELYCE YOUNG	Case Number(s): 13-O-13464 & 15-O-15563
	REF	PROVAL ORDER
	the reproval, IT IS ORDERED that the	that the interests of Respondent will be served by any conditions requested dismissal of counts/charges, if any, is GRANTED without
凸	The stipulated facts and disposition a	are APPROVED AND THE REPROVAL IMPOSED.
	The stipulated facts and disposition a REPROVAL IMPOSED.	are APPROVED AS MODIFIED as set forth below, and the
	All court dates in the Hearing Depart	ment are vacated.
within 15 da	ays after service of this order, is granted (See rule 5.58(E) & (F), Rules of Proced	ed unless: 1) a motion to withdraw or modify the stipulation, filed ; or 2) this court modifies or further modifies the approved dure.) Otherwise the stipulation shall be effective 15 days after
	comply with any conditions attached g for willful breach of rule 1-110, Rule	to this reproval may constitute cause for a separate as of Professional Conduct.
(Jan. 3, 2017	Pat Mc Elron
Date		Judge of the State Bar Court

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on January 3, 2017, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a se	in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:			
	by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:			
	FANYA E. YOUNG 8 LOCKSLEY AVE APT 9C SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94122 - 3851			
	by certified mail, No. , with return receipt requested, through the United States Postal Service at , California, addressed as follows:			
	by overnight mail at , California, addressed as follows:			
	by fax transmission, at fax number . No error was reported by the fax machine that I used.			
	By personal service by leaving the documents in a sealed envelope or package clearly labeled to identify the attorney being served with a receptionist or a person having charge of the attorney's office, addressed as follows:			
\boxtimes	by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:			
	Kevin B. Taylor, Enforcement, San Francisco			
	by certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on y 3, 2017.			
	George Hue			
	Case Administrator			

State Bar Court