## **State Bar Court of California** Hearing Department San Francisco STAYED SUSPENSION Counsel For The State Bar For Court use only Case Number(s): 15-O-11188-LMA Sherrie B. McLetchie **PUBLIC MATTER Senior Trial Counsel 180 Howard Street** San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 538-2297 DEC 0 7 2015 Bar # 85447 In Pro Per Respondent **STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO** Derek William St. Pierre Law Office Derek St Pierre 1934 Divisadero Street San Francisco, CA 94115 (415) 441-5711 Submitted to: Settlement Judge STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND Bar # 200131 DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING In the Matter of: **DEREK WILLIAM ST. PIERRE** STAYED SUSPENSION; NO ACTUAL SUSPENSION ☐ PREVIOUS STIPULATION REJECTED Bar # 200131 A Member of the State Bar of California (Respondent)

Note: All information required by this form and any additional information which cannot be provided in the space provided, must be set forth in an attachment to this stipulation under specific headings, e.g., "Facts," "Dismissals," "Conclusions of Law," "Supporting Authority," etc.

# A. Parties' Acknowledgments:

- (1) Respondent is a member of the State Bar of California, admitted January 4, 1999.
- (2) The parties agree to be bound by the factual stipulations contained herein even if conclusions of law or disposition are rejected or changed by the Supreme Court.
- (3) All investigations or proceedings listed by case number in the caption of this stipulation are entirely resolved by this stipulation and are deemed consolidated. Dismissed charge(s)/count(s) are listed under "Dismissals." The stipulation consists of **11** pages, not including the order.
- (4) A statement of acts or omissions acknowledged by Respondent as cause or causes for discipline is included under "Facts."

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(5)	Conclusions of law, drawn from and specifically referring to the facts are also included under "Conclusions of Law".				
(6)		e parties must include supporting authority for the recommended level of discipline under the heading apporting Authority."			
(7)		more than 30 days prior to the filing of this stipulation, Respondent has been advised in writing of any ding investigation/proceeding not resolved by this stipulation, except for criminal investigations.			
(8)		Payment of Disciplinary Costs—Respondent acknowledges the provisions of Bus. & Prof. Code §§6086.10 & 6140.7. (Check one option only):			
		Costs are added to membership fee for calendar year following effective date of discipline. Costs are to be paid in equal amounts prior to February 1 for the following membership years: (Hardship, special circumstances or other good cause per rule 5.132, Rules of Procedure). If Respondent fails to pay any installment as described above, or as may be modified by the State Bar Court, the remaining balance is due and payable immediately. Costs are waived in part as set forth in a separate attachment entitled "Partial Waiver of Costs". Costs are entirely waived.			
		avating Circumstances [Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional			
	con uire	duct, standards 1.2(h) & 1.5]. Facts supporting aggravating circumstances are			
теч	ulle	u.			
(1)		Prior record of discipline			
	(a)	State Bar Court case # of prior case			
	(b)	☐ Date prior discipline effective			
	(c)	Rules of Professional Conduct/ State Bar Act violations:			
	(d)	Degree of prior discipline			
	(e)	If Respondent has two or more incidents of prior discipline, use space provided below or a separate attachment entitled "Prior Discipline.			
(2)		Intentional/Bad Faith/Dishonesty: Respondent's misconduct was dishonest, intentional, or surrounded by, or followed by bad faith.			
(3)		Misrepresentation: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by misrepresentation.			
(4)		Concealment: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by concealment.			
(5)		Overreaching: Respondent's misconduct was surrounded by, or followed by overreaching.			
(6)		Uncharged Violations: Respondent's conduct involves uncharged violations of the Business and Professions Code, or the Rules of Professional Conduct.			
(7)		<b>Trust Violation:</b> Trust funds or property were involved and Respondent refused or was unable to account to the client or person who was the object of the misconduct for improper conduct toward said funds or property			

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(8)		Harm: Respondent's misconduct harmed significantly a client, the public, or the administration of justice.					
(9)		<b>Indifference</b> : Respondent demonstrated indifference toward rectification of or atonement for the consequences of his or her misconduct.					
(10)		Candor/Lack of Cooperation: Respondent displayed a lack of candor and cooperation to victims of his/her misconduct, or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations or proceedings.					
(11)		Multiple Acts: Respondent's current misconduct evidences multiple acts of wrongdoing.					
(12)		Pattern: Respondent's current misconduct demonstrates a pattern of misconduct.					
(13)		Restitution: Respondent failed to make restitution.					
(14)		Vulnerable Victim: The victim(s) of Respondent's misconduct was/were highly vulnerable.					
(15)	$\boxtimes$	No aggravating circumstances are involved.					
Addi	tiona	al aggravating circumstances					
		ating Circumstances [see standards 1.2(i) & 1.6]. Facts supporting mitigating stances are required.					
(1)	$\boxtimes$	No Prior Discipline: Respondent has no prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct which is not likely to recur. See Attachment page 6.					
(2)		No Harm: Respondent did not harm the client, the public, or the administration of justice.					
(3)		Candor/Cooperation: Respondent displayed spontaneous candor and cooperation with the victims of his/her misconduct or to the State Bar during disciplinary investigations and proceedings.					
(4)	$\boxtimes$	<b>Remorse:</b> Respondent promptly took objective steps demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing, which steps were designed to timely atone for any consequences of his/her misconduct. <b>See Attachment page 6.</b>					
(5)		<b>Restitution:</b> Respondent paid \$ on in restitution to without the threat or force of disciplinary, civil or criminal proceedings.					
(6)		<b>Delay:</b> These disciplinary proceedings were excessively delayed. The delay is not attributable to Respondent and the delay prejudiced him/her.					
(7)		Good Faith: Respondent acted with a good faith belief that was honestly held and objectively reasonable.					
(8)		<b>Emotional/Physical Difficulties:</b> At the time of the stipulated act or acts of professional misconduct Respondent suffered extreme emotional difficulties or physical or mental disabilities which expert testimony would establish was directly responsible for the misconduct. The difficulties or disabilities were not the product of any illegal conduct by the member, such as illegal drug or substance abuse, and the difficulties or disabilities no longer pose a risk that Respondent will commit misconduct.					

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(9)		<b>Severe Financial Stress:</b> At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered from severe financial stress which resulted from circumstances not reasonably foreseeable or which were beyond his/her control and which were directly responsible for the misconduct.				
(10)	$\boxtimes$	Fam pers	Family Problems: At the time of the misconduct, Respondent suffered extreme difficulties in his/her personal life which were other than emotional or physical in nature. See Attachment page 7.			
(11)		Goo in the	Good Character: Respondent's extraordinarily good character is attested to by a wide range of references in the legal and general communities who are aware of the full extent of his/her misconduct.			
(12)			<b>Rehabilitation:</b> Considerable time has passed since the acts of professional misconduct occurred followed by subsequent rehabilitation.			
(13)		No n	nitigat	ting circumstances are involved.		
Addi	itiona	al mit	igatin	g circumstances		
	Pre	filing	Stipu	lation See Attachment page 7.		
D. D	)isci	iplin	e:			
(1)	$\boxtimes$	Stay	ed Su	spension:		
	(a)	$\boxtimes$	Resp	ondent must be suspended from the practice of law for a period of one year.		
		i.		and until Respondent shows proof satisfactory to the State Bar Court of rehabilitation and fitness to practice and present learning and ability in the general law pursuant to standard 1.2(c)(1), Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct.		
		ii.		and until Respondent pays restitution as set forth in the Financial Conditions form attached to this stipulation.		
		iii.		and until Respondent does the following:		
	The	e abov	/e-refe	erenced suspension is stayed		
(2)	$\boxtimes$	Prol	bation	:		
	Re: Suj	spondent is placed on probation for a period of <b>one year</b> , which will commence upon the effective date of the preme Court order in this matter. (See rule 9.18 California Rules of Court.)				
E. #	Addi	tiona	al Co	nditions of Probation:		
(1)	$\boxtimes$	During the probation period, Respondent must comply with the provisions of the State Bar Act and Rules of Professional Conduct.				
(2)	$\boxtimes$	Within ten (10) days of any change, Respondent must report to the Membership Records Office of the State Bar and to the Office of Probation of the State Bar of California ("Office of Probation"), all changes of information, including current office address and telephone number, or other address for State Bar purposes, as prescribed by section 6002.1 of the Business and Professions Code.				
(3)		Within thirty (30) days from the effective date of discipline, Respondent must contact the Office of Probatic and schedule a meeting with Respondent's assigned probation deputy to discuss these terms and conditions of probation. Upon the direction of the Office of Probation, Respondent must meet with the				

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		proba prom	ition deputy either in-person or by tele	phone. Dui directed a	ing the period of probation, Respondent must nd upon request.		
(4)		Respondent must submit written quarterly reports to the Office of Probation on each January 10, April 10, July 10, and October 10 of the period of probation. Under penalty of perjury, Respondent must state whether Respondent has complied with the State Bar Act, the Rules of Professional Conduct, and all conditions of probation during the preceding calendar quarter. Respondent must also state whether there are any proceedings pending against him or her in the State Bar Court and if so, the case number and current status of that proceeding. If the first report would cover less than 30 days, that report must be submitted on the next quarter date, and cover the extended period.					
		In add	dition to all quarterly reports, a final re y (20) days before the last day of the	port, contai period of pi	ning the same information, is due no earlier than obation and no later than the last day of probation.		
(5)		Respondent must be assigned a probation monitor. Respondent must promptly review the terms and conditions of probation with the probation monitor to establish a manner and schedule of compliance. During the period of probation, Respondent must furnish to the monitor such reports as may be requested, in addition to the quarterly reports required to be submitted to the Office of Probation. Respondent must cooperate fully with the probation monitor.					
(6)		Subject to assertion of applicable privileges, Respondent must answer fully, promptly and truthfully any inquiries of the Office of Probation and any probation monitor assigned under these conditions which are directed to Respondent personally or in writing relating to whether Respondent is complying or has complied with the probation conditions.					
(7)	$\boxtimes$	Within one (1) year of the effective date of the discipline herein, Respondent must provide to the Office of Probation satisfactory proof of attendance at a session of the State Bar Ethics School, and passage of the test given at the end of that session.					
			No Ethics School recommended. Re	eason:			
(8)		Respondent must comply with all conditions of probation imposed in the underlying criminal matter and must so declare under penalty of perjury in conjunction with any quarterly report to be filed with the Office of Probation.					
(9)		The f	following conditions are attached here	to and inco	rporated:		
			Substance Abuse Conditions		Law Office Management Conditions		
			Medical Conditions		Financial Conditions		
F. C	)the	r Cor	nditions Negotiated by the Pa	rties:			
(1)		Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination: Respondent must provide proof of passage of the Multistate Professional Responsibility Examination ("MPRE"), administered by the National Conference of Bar Examiners, to the Office of Probation within one year. Failure to pass the MPRE results in actual suspension without further hearing until passage. But see rule 9.10(b), California Rules of Court, and rule 5.162(A) & (E), Rules of Procedure.  \[ \begin{align*} \text{No MPRE recommended. Reason:} \end{align*}					
(2)		Oth	ner Conditions:				
		No	t applicable.				

## **ATTACHMENT TO**

# STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION

IN THE MATTER OF:

DEREK WILLIAM ST. PIERRE

CASE NUMBER:

15-O-11188-LMA

#### FACTS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW.

Respondent admits that the following facts are true and that he is culpable of violations of the specified statutes and/or Rules of Professional Conduct.

## Case No. 15-O-11188 (State Bar Investigation)

#### **FACTS:**

- 1. As a member of the State Bar, respondent was required to complete 25 hours of minimum continuing legal education ("MCLE") during the period February 1, 2011, through January 31, 2014 ("the compliance period").
- 2. On June 26, 2014, respondent reported under the penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he had complied with MCLE requirements, and, in particular, that he had completed 25 hours during the compliance period.
  - 3. In fact, respondent did not complete any hours of MCLE within the compliance period.
- 4. After an audit of his MCLE compliance, respondent completed 25 hours of MCLE by October 31, 2014.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:

5. By falsely reporting under penalty of perjury to the State Bar that he had fully complied with his MCLE requirements, when respondent knew or was grossly negligent in not knowing that respondent had failed to complete the MCLE requirements, respondent thereby committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption in willful violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6106.

## MITIGATING CIRCUMSTANCES.

No Prior Discipline (Std. 1.6(a)): Standard 1.6(a) provides that "absence of any prior record of discipline over many years of practice coupled with present misconduct, which is not likely to recur" is a mitigating circumstance. Respondent practiced law for more than 15 years before the start of the misconduct in this case and this misconduct is unlikely to reoccur.

Remorse (Std. 1.6(g)): Standard 1.6(g) provides that "prompt objective steps, demonstrating spontaneous remorse and recognition of the wrongdoing and timely atonement" is a mitigating circumstance. After contact by State Bar MCLE audit staff, respondent completed 25 MCLE hours.

Family Problems: Respondent's marital separation began in June 2013, but he did not complete his move out of the family home until the end of 2013. By the time respondent falsely affirmed to the State Bar his full MCLE compliance on June 26, 2014, his marital situation had not resolved and his records were in disarray. (*Pineda v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 753, 760 [attorney's wrongful conduct occurring during a period of personal and professional problems culminating in his divorce given mitigating credit].)

**Prefiling Stipulation:** By entering into this stipulation prior to the filing of a Notice of Disciplinary Charges, respondent saved the State Bar Court resources and time. (*Silva-Vidor v. State Bar* (1989) 49 Cal.3d 1071, 1079 [where mitigative credit was given for entering into a stipulation as to facts and culpability].)

#### AUTHORITIES SUPPORTING DISCIPLINE.

The Standards for Attorney Sanctions for Professional Misconduct "set forth a means for determining the appropriate disciplinary sanction in a particular case and to ensure consistency across cases dealing with similar misconduct and surrounding circumstances." (Rules Proc. of State Bar, tit. IV, Stds. for Atty. Sanctions for Prof. Misconduct, std. 1.1. All further references to Standards are to this source.) The Standards help fulfill the primary purposes of discipline, which include: protection of the public, the courts and the legal profession; maintenance of the highest professional standards; and preservation of public confidence in the legal profession. (See std. 1.1; *In re Morse* (1995) 11 Cal.4th 184, 205.)

Although not binding, the standards are entitled to "great weight" and should be followed "whenever possible" in determining level of discipline. (In re Silverton (2005) 36 Cal.4th 81, 92, quoting In re Brown (1995) 12 Cal.4th 205, 220 and In re Young (1989) 49 Cal.3d 257, 267, fn. 11.) Adherence to the standards in the great majority of cases serves the valuable purpose of eliminating disparity and assuring consistency, that is, the imposition of similar attorney discipline for instances of similar attorney misconduct. (In re Naney (1990) 51 Cal.3d 186, 190.) If a recommendation is at the high end or low end of a Standard, an explanation must be given as to how the recommendation was reached. (Std. 1.1.) "Any disciplinary recommendation that deviates from the Standards must include clear reasons for the departure." (Std. 1.1; Blair v. State Bar (1989) 49 Cal.3d 762, 776, fn. 5.)

In determining whether to impose a sanction greater or less than that specified in a given standard, in addition to the factors set forth in the specific standard, consideration is to be given to the primary purposes of discipline; the balancing of all aggravating and mitigating circumstances; the type of misconduct at issue; whether the client, public, legal system or profession was harmed; and the member's willingness and ability to conform to ethical responsibilities in the future. (Stds. 1.7(b) and (c).)

In this matter, respondent admits to committing one act of professional misconduct: falsely reporting MCLE compliance in violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6106.

# Standard 2.11 provides:

Disbarment or actual suspension is the presumed sanction for an act of moral turpitude, dishonesty, corruption, intentional or grossly negligent misrepresentation, or concealment of a material fact. The degree of sanction depends on the magnitude of the misconduct;

the extent to which the misconduct harmed or misled the victim, which may include the adjudicator; the impact on the administration of justice, if any; and the extent to which the misconduct related to the member's practice of law.

Respondent's misrepresentation to the State Bar regarding respondent's MCLE compliance, made under penalty of perjury, constitutes an act of dishonesty directly related to the practice of law and places respondent's fitness to practice law in question. Misrepresentations are compounded when made in writing under penalty of perjury, which gives an imprimatur of veracity which should place a reasonable person on notice to take care that their statement is accurate, complete and true. (*In the Matter of Maloney and Virsik* (Review Dept. 2005) 4 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 774, 786.) For these reasons, respondent's misconduct is serious and warrants suspension, although not actual suspension or disbarment.

The proposed one-year stayed suspension is outside the range of range of discipline set out in current standard 2.11, but is guided by In the Matter of Yee (Review Dept. 2014) 5 Cal. State Bar Ct. Rptr. 330, the only published case on a MCLE violation. Yee also affirmed compliance with 25 hours of MCLE based on her memory, but upon audit was unable to produce proof of any courses and did not check or maintain any records to confirm her recollection before affirmation. The Review Department affirmed that Yee's inaccurate compliance report was grossly negligent and amounted to moral turpitude, but was not an intentional misrepresentation. Yee was credited with 10 ½ years of a discipline-free record as one of five factors in mitigation. The other four were: candor/cooperation with the State Bar (she admitted her misconduct to the State Bar investigator), good character, remorse/recognition of wrongdoing (she admitted her record-keeping was lacking, changed her practices and said that she regretted her "mistake"), and pro bono work/community service. The Review Department imposed a public reproval which was outside the then extant Standards. Here, respondent also affirmed full compliance, claimed that he based his affirmation on his belief but knew that he lacked the records to substantiate his belief, subsequently completed the requisite number of MCLE hours, albeit outside the reporting period, was going through a marital separation which included moving out of the family home, and has entered into this stipulation before the filing of a Notice of Disciplinary Charges. Respondent's lack of prior discipline over 15 1/2 years weighs heavily in his favor and his marital disruption occurred during the relevant time period. Just as the disposition in Yee deviated from the then extant Standards, the recommended discipline here deviates from the current Standards.

However, in light of the totality of the facts and circumstances surrounding respondent's misconduct, including mitigating credit for respondent's 15 ½ year discipline-free record, belated compliance evidencing remorse, concurrent family problems, entering into a prefiling stipulation, and the guidance of Yee, a one-year stayed suspension is appropriate to protect the public, the courts and the legal profession, to maintain high professional standards by attorneys, and to preserve public confidence in the legal profession.

### COSTS OF DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS.

Respondent acknowledges that the Office of Chief Trial Counsel has informed respondent that as of November 17, 2015, the prosecution costs in this matter are \$3,066. Respondent further acknowledges that should this stipulation be rejected or should relief from the stipulation be granted, the costs in this matter may increase due to the cost of further proceedings.

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# **EXCLUSION FROM MCLE CREDIT**

Pursuant to rule 3201, Rules of Procedure of the State Bar of California, respondent may <u>not</u> receive MCLE credit for completion of State Bar Ethics School or the MPRE.

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In the Matter of: DEREK WILLIAM		ase number(s): -O-11188-LMA
	SIGNATU	RE OF THE PARTIES
By their signatures recitations and eac	below, the parties and their country the first terms and conditions of	sel, as applicable, signify their agreement with each of the is Stipulation Re Facts, Conclusions of Law, and Disposition.
12/1/15	0	Derek William St. Pierre
Date /	Respondent's Signature	Print Name
Date	Respondent's Counsel	gnature Print Name
12/1/15	Shenie B.	Sherrie B. McLetchie
Date	Deputy Trial Counsel's	gnature Print Name

LUCY ARMENDARIZ

Judge of the State Bar Court

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

[Rules Proc. of State Bar; Rule 5.27(B); Code Civ. Proc., § 1013a(4)]

I am a Case Administrator of the State Bar Court of California. I am over the age of eighteen and not a party to the within proceeding. Pursuant to standard court practice, in the City and County of San Francisco, on December 7, 2015, I deposited a true copy of the following document(s):

# STIPULATION RE FACTS, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND DISPOSITION AND ORDER APPROVING

in a sealed envelope for collection and mailing on that date as follows:

by first-class mail, with postage thereon fully prepaid, through the United States Postal Service at San Francisco, California, addressed as follows:

DEREK W. ST. PIERRE LAW OFC DEREK ST PIERRE 1934 DIVISADERO ST SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94115

by interoffice mail through a facility regularly maintained by the State Bar of California addressed as follows:

SHERRIE B. McLETCHIE, Enforcement, San Francisco

I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in San Francisco, California, on December 7, 2015.

Bernadette C.O. Molina Case Administrator State Bar Court